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7	United States of America	
8	IN THE LINITED CO	LATES DISTRICT COLIDT
9	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
10	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
11	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO. 1:20-CR-00021-NONE-SKO
12	Plaintiff,	STIPULATION REGARDING EXCLUDABLE
13	v.	TIME PERIODS UNDER SPEEDY TRIAL ACT; FINDINGS AND ORDER
14	FRANCISCO JAVIER HERRERA-REYES,	DATE: April 3, 2020
15	Defendant.	TIME: 8:30 a.m. COURT: Hon. Dale A. Drozd
16		
17	This case is set for a fast-track status conference on April 3, 2020. On March 16, 2020, this	
18	Court issued General Order 611, which suspends all jury trials in the Eastern District of California	
19	scheduled to commence before May 1, 2020. This General Order was entered to address public health	
20	concerns related to COVID-19.	
21	Although the General Order addresses the district-wide health concern, the Supreme Court has	
22	emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act's end-of-justice provision "counteract[s] substantive	
23	openendedness with procedural strictness," "demand[ing] on-the-record findings" in a particular case.	
24	Zedner v. United States, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-record findings, there can be no	
25	exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). <i>Id.</i> at 507. And moreover, any such failure cannot be harmless. <i>Id.</i>	
26	at 509; see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a	
27	judge ordering and ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit findings on the record "either	
28	orally or in writing").	

Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory and inexcusable—the General Order requires specific supplementation. Ends-of-justice continuances are excludable only if "the judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless "the court sets forth, in the record of the case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id*.

The General Order excludes delay in the "ends of justice." 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption made it impossible for the trial to proceed. *Id.* at 767-68; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency). The coronavirus is posing a similar, albeit more enduring, barrier to the prompt proceedings mandated by the statutory rules.

In light of the societal context created by the foregoing, this Court should consider the following case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). If continued, this Court should designate a new date for the [event]. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any pretrial continuance must be "specifically limited in time").

STIPULATION

Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and defendant, by and through defendant's counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

- 1. By previous order, this matter was set for status on April 3, 2020.
- 2. By this stipulation, defendant now moves to continue the status conference until May 8, 2020, and to exclude time between April 3, 2020, and May 8, 2020, under Local Code T4.

- 3. The parties agree and stipulate, and request that the Court find the following:
- a) The government has represented that all of the discovery associated with this case has been either produced directly to counsel and/or made available for inspection and copying. The government has also provided a fast-track plea agreement to the defendant.
- b) Counsel for defendant desires additional time to discuss the sentencing options with his client given the pre-plea calculations provided by the Probation Office prior to signature of the government's proposed-plea.
- c) Counsel for defendant believes that failure to grant the above-requested continuance would deny him/her the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking into account the exercise of due diligence.
 - d) The government does not object to the continuance.
- e) In addition to the public health concerns cited by General Order 611 and presented by the evolving COVID-19 pandemic, an ends-of-justice delay is particularly apt in this case because counsel have been encouraged to telework and minimize personal contact to the greatest extent possible. It will be difficult to avoid personal contact should the hearing proceed.
- f) Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by continuing the case as requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act.
- g) For the purpose of computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161, et seq., within which trial must commence, the time period of April 3, 2020 to May 8, 2020, inclusive, is deemed excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C.§ 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) [Local Code T4] because it results from a continuance granted by the Court at defendant's request on the basis of the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.
- 4. Nothing in this stipulation and order shall preclude a finding that other provisions of the Speedy Trial Act dictate that additional time periods are excludable from the period within which a trial must commence.

1	IT IS SO STIPULATED.	
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4	Dated: March 20, 2020	McGREGOR W. SCOTT United States Attorney
5		/ /
6		/s/ LAURA D. WITHERS LAURA D. WITHERS
7		Assistant United States Attorney
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9	Dated: March 20, 2020	/s/ BENJAMIN GERSON BENJAMIN GERSON
10		Counsel for Defendant FRANCISCO JAVIER
11		HERRERA-REYES
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13		
		ORDER
14		ORDER
14 15	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
	IT IS SO ORDERED. Dated: March 20, 2020	Dale A. Dragd
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